

VIRGINIA

GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES,

but influenced by NONE.

LEGHORN, May 6.

A BODY of French troops, going from Ajaccio, in order to entrench themselves two miles off, were attacked the 28th ult. by Col. Abatucci, but with what success is not known. The French troops received orders to be in readiness against the 30th. It is said that several of the French have gone over to General Paoli, who gives great encouragement to deserters.

May 16. There have been several actions in Corsica almost at the same time. The relations vary; but the following, we are told, may be depended on as the substance of what has happened:

The Corsicans have taken 60 loaded mules, and entirely defeated a detachment of 200 French, who deserted them.

The Count de Vaux having advanced with the greatest part of his army by Rostino, there possessed himself of some heights, from whence he played his artillery. On this, General Paoli making a feint of retiring, the French came down with great impetuosity, which brought on a most furious engagement, the issue of which was not at all favourable to the French. General Paoli had even cut off their communication with Bastia and San Fiorenzo, that they were in danger of being forced to surrender. It is added, that in this disagreeable situation, the Count de Vaux had dispatched a felucca to Bastia, to demand succour.

The French, who were posted at Ajaccio, having marched out from thence, advanced as far as Mezzeria. But their enterprise, according to the accounts, has turned out very unsuccessfully, they having been beaten and obliged to re-enter into Ajaccio.

Those at Calvia, who, pursuant to the plan of operations, had set themselves in motion on the same day, had met with the like fate.

Bastia, May 7. The village of Alata, a pretty considerable place near Ajaccio, having a few days ago sent a submission to the Count de Narbonne, who has eight battalions under his command, he marched with some of his troops to take possession of that village. In his way he perceived some Corsicans upon the hills, who made signals to him that they would surrender; but when he came near to them, they made a general discharge, which killed several of his officers and men, after which they ran away. The Count de Narbonne pursued and took some of them, who will be punished agreeable to the declaration that was published by the Count de Vaux, as it appears that the inhabitants of Alata were in concert with them, having abandoned their houses, and set fire to the village. The day before yesterday the Count de Vaux advanced his army to St. Nicholas, where it is encamped. The Count de Marboeuf, and the Marquis de Boufflers, each of them commanded a battalion.

Peterburg, May 8. The Brigadier Chederas having been commanded to seize the fortress of Taganrock, at the mouth of the Don, on the border of the sea of Azoph, quitted the fort of St. Demetrius the 13th of April last, and marched with a body of troops, some engineers and cannoners, and on the 13th took the fortress. Immediately after which, he caused Te Deum to be sung, on account of the success of the expedition, and ordered the Russian colours, and the arms of the Empress, to be planted on the principal rampart towards the sea.

Warsaw, May 17. Prince Gallitzin, after fighting Te Deum for his late victory, was in march the 2d of May, to re-occupy the camp of Kalus, and refresh his troops. The same day the Pacha of Natolia having collected some of the runaways, and massacred the Jews and Christians whom the Pacha of Choczim had turned out of that city as useless mouths, advanced and attacked the Russians in their march, but they only took about ten empty wagons, the Captain who covered the train with 80 men, keeping them off for 4 hours without losing a single man. In the mean time, Prince Prozorowski was detached to engage the Pacha of Natolia, which he did with such courage and conduct, that the enemies soon gave way, and were pursued as far as Purth.

Paris, May 19. Letters from Russia of the 7th instant, brought by a courier extraordinary

from the Count de Vaux, declare, that all the district of Nebbio, composed of seven villages, had submitted to his Majesty's troops; that the Corsicans had abandoned their entrenchments in that quarter; and that Borgo, which had cost us 300 men last year, had been retaken without striking a blow, where our people found the cannon they left there, and two others belonging to the Corsicans; we had only two officers and seven men killed, with about twenty wounded, in making ourselves masters of these important posts. The letters add, that the inhabitants of Lura had also submitted, and that we had got possession of the pass of Lento.

Paris, May 29. Since the Count de Vaux has ordered ships to cruise round the island, the Captain of a Genoese felucca, has taken a Neapolitan vessel from Leghorn, laden with shot, cannon-balls, &c. a small chest was also found, containing three parcels and two bags filled with gold, consigned to General Paoli.

Genoa, April 29. By the last letters from Toulon, we are assured, that there were in that harbour and at Marseilles no less than 300 transports ready to sail for Corsica, having on board a large body of troops, several pieces of cannon, and 1800 horses; this reinforcement composes the second division of the fifteen battalions destined for the reduction of that island. A vessel just arrived from Holland, fell in with above thirty sail, several leagues from the land, which are conjectured to be part of this fleet.

From the frontiers of Poland and Hungary.

May 10.

During the last month no less than thirteen battles have been fought between the Confederates and the Russians; five of which ended to the advantage of the rebels, and six in favour of the Russians; in the two other, the success on both sides was pretty equal. Five bodies of Confederates are encamped upon these frontiers, Dzierzanowski, and Prince Lubomirski, who have all publicly declared, that they will adhere to the terms of the confederacy of Bar.

Hague, May 28. On the 20th instant, the Baron de Muffin Pouschtin, Esq. Extraordinary from the Empress of Russia, received a courier with the following dispatches, which he immediately communicated to the President of the Assembly of the States-General.

"The Russian army, commanded by Prince Gallitzin, has defeated, near Choczim, a body of 30,000 or 40,000 Turks, and taken a great number of prisoners. The Turks, besides many thousands of killed and wounded, have lost all their baggage and artillery, their military chest, valued at 50,000 golden crowns, and 70 camels loaded with provisions and valuable effects. As the Turks have burnt the town of Choczim, and destroyed all the neighbouring country, Prince Gallitzin, notwithstanding this advantage, was obliged to repass the Neister, in order to be near his magazines; which he has, nevertheless, brought forward. A more circumstantial detail of this affair will soon be published."

LONDON, May 19.

By the last advices from Jamaica, we are informed of a conspiracy being discovered there among the Negroes, to set fire to the town of Kingston in several places at once, and, in the general confusion, to cut the throats of the inhabitants. A black fellow, having an amour with a mulatto girl, belonging to a family in the heart of the town, happily sent her a letter on the very day it was to happen, in which he acquainted her with the design, and advised her to escape to him, in order to preserve her life. On the receipt of which, the girl acquainted her master with the contents; and the ringleaders being taken into custody, the town was thus saved.

May 22. It is said that great numbers of British manufacturers are actually preparing to set out for Boston, Philadelphia, and New-York.

It is said great sums have been subscribed in Ireland, for the Corsicans, and several remittances already made from thence, to General Paoli.

Letters from Corsica say, that General Paoli is little concerned about the additional numbers of troops that France threatens to send to Corsica, as

by the situation of the country, excessive numbers can neither act effectually, or be supplied with provisions; and that if he should be so happy as to receive the succours promised him from generous British spirits, he fears not the whole power of France.

Letters from Algiers mention, that an agent of General Paoli had lately arrived there, on board an English vessel, with secret dispatches to the Dey and Regency, by whom he was highly cared for.

May 25. An evening paper says, "It is now expected, that the first hostilities, preparative to a war, and previous to a declaration, will be struck against our settlements in the East Indies."

Friday, Col. Scott arrived at his house in Pall-mall, from his regiment at New-York, after having made a tour through all the provinces in North-America.

May 31. We are informed that an express arrived last Saturday night to the Russian Ambassador, with advice that the Russians had gained a great victory over the Turks, near the banks of the Black Sea; the Turks set fire to a fortified town in all the four quarters which facilitated their retreat: It is said they retired towards Constantinople, with great loss.

As the last packets from the East-Indies have not yet been opened, we cannot pretend to lay the exact state of affairs, in that part of the world, before the public; but, by the most probable conjectures, our situation at Madras is not so dangerous as some people have represented. By a passenger who is just arrived in one of the ships, we are informed, that the Governor and Council were making great preparations, when he came away, to put the White Town in a state of defence; that our troops were in high spirits, notwithstanding a putrid fever had, for some time, raged among them, and proved very fatal to many; that our people seemed under no apprehensions of a visit from the French at Pondicherry, which is about 63 miles to the south of Madras, they having hitherto, at least to appearance, conducted themselves in a very peaceable manner towards us; and that they will be able to sustain a siege a long time, provided the enemy are not able to deprive them of the fresh water which they are obliged to fetch from springs at a good distance from the town, the front of which stands towards the sea, while a salt water river runs on the rear of it, which prevents the fresh water from coming to it.

One of the articles of disagreeable intelligence from Fort St. George, is said to be an account of the Armenian and Gentoo inhabitants having made an insurrection in the Black town, which had been with great difficulty quelled by the Governor.

The celebrated Hyder Ally, who has been so formidable to the English troops at Madras, was, some years ago, a serjeant of Seapoys in the East-India company's service, and showed, at that time, the strongest marks of possessing great courage, and an uncommon capacity.

It is said that a certain northern Baronet, since the melancholy accounts from India, has been losing at the rate of ten thousand pounds per day by the sudden fall of stocks.

Yesterday came to the India-house, the Purser of the Lord Mansfield Indiaman, Capt. Macleod, with an account of the above ship being safe arrived off the Isle of Wight, from Port St. George and Bombay.

Immediately after the account of the arrival of the above ship, it was reported that Fort St. George was taken by the French.

Accounts are said to have been received by some of the East-India ships, just arrived, that the French have now 6000 regular troops, at, and near their settlement of Pondicherry, on the coast of Coromandel, about sixty miles from Port St. George.

It is said a large body of regular troops will be embarked for the East-Indies, as soon as possible.

June 1. A Letter from Leghorn, which arrived by the last mail, contains the following extraordinary piece of intelligence: "By an account from the Chevalier de Saintgriev, who attacked and carried the pass of Borgo, we are assured that several women were found in arms at that place, and that great numbers of them, inspired with the

same of liberty, had insisted upon following the main body of Paoli's troops, in order to take care of the sick and wounded, provide provisions and forage for the army, and do other offices to lessen the fatigue of the men."

June 2. We hear there is soon to be a great promotion in the Marine of France. The Prince de Rohan, lately made Chief d'Escadre, is to be made a Lieutenant General.

A plan is now under consideration, for making the island of Bermuda a free port, in consequence of some petitions laid before the Lords of Trade, for the better promotion of trade and commerce.

By authentic advices received from Paris, this day, we are assured, that on the 29th ult. a Courier extraordinary had arrived there from Rome, with the news that Cardinal Ganganelli had been proclaimed Pope in that city on the 19th of May, and had taken the name of CLEMENT XIV. He was born at St. Arch-Angel, in the diocese of Rimini, the 31st of October, 1705, and was advanced to the rank of Cardinal the 24th of September, 1759.

June 3. The last packet from North-America, brought a letter of thanks from the Town of Boston, to Col. Burke, for his conduct in Parliament, and also inclosed him a remonstrance to his Majesty, setting forth the grievances they labour under, and particularly mentioning the conduct of Governor Bernard; also the contents of six intercepted letters, which discovered a project of the most dangerous nature. The above remonstrance, we hear, was presented yesterday.

Eight articles of impeachment are expected to be exhibited at the meeting of Parliament, against two great men; which, as thought, will be followed by many more.

June 5. A correspondent observes, that Mr. Wilkes, in England; Dr. Lucas, in Ireland; and Pascal Paoli, in Corsica; are the three greatest patriots in their respective countries, that ever appeared as contemporaries, in any age or nation.

The accounts arrived by the Flanders mail, this day, relating to Corsica, are extremely contradictory. Advices from Cervione, dated the 9th of May, declare, that Paoli had attacked the French in the defile of Tenda, totally routed their advanced guard, killed several hundreds, and taken a great number of prisoners. But letters from Paris say, that on the 6th of last month, 4000 Corsicans having passed the river Gola, and attacked their army on the left, Count de Vaux ordered that wing to be reinforced with 800 men, under the Marquis d'Escloubre, the Corsicans received such a repulse from the bayonets of the French, that they were obliged to throw themselves into the river, and endeavour to repass it by swimming, on which occasion a vast number were drowned. A further account from Brussels, says, that letters have been received there, confirming the success of the French troops, with the addition of the Corsicans having lost 800 men, with several officers of rank, and that they had been obliged to abandon some of their most advantageous posts, in consequence of the vigorous efforts of their enemies, who had taken possession of the height, and all that part of the island adjacent to the river Gola.

Extract of a letter from Leghorn, May 12.

"This day a vessel arrived from Corsica. The French, immediately after having received their reinforcements, marched through the flat country, where they found all the towns and villages abandoned by the inhabitants: This encouraging them to march farther, without taking the necessary precautions, they found their whole army, consisting of 5000 men, suddenly surrounded by Paoli and his two brothers, who immediately attacked, and totally routed them, killing great numbers on the spot, and the fugitives were afterwards attacked by those who had abandoned their villages, so that very few of them escaped."

We hear that a Gentleman arrived at St. James's from Corsica, on Thursday night, who brought a confirmation of the defeat of a body of French in that island by the Corsicans.

The following is a translation of the letter which Prince Gallitzin, Commander in Chief of the Russian army, wrote to the Empress of Russia, to notify the victory which he has gained over the Turks.

"Most gracious Sovereign,

"I have the honour to inform your Imperial Majesty, by this letter, wrote in great haste, of a signal victory gained this day over the enemy, through the assistance of the Most High, and the good fortune attending the arms of your Imperial Majesty. The Turkish army, commanded by Karaman Pasha, notwithstanding his advantageous situation under the forests of Claczin, has been attacked, defeated, and dispersed, part being driven into the town, and the rest flying off with the utmost precipitation. The whole enemy's camp is taken. As for the rest, I shall not fail to send your Imperial Majesty an exact detail of this glorious day.

"I am, with the most profound respect,
Camp of Choczin, Your Imperial Majesty's
19 April, 1769, O. S. Most devoted subject,
Prince ALEX. GALLITZIN."

June 7. On Monday the Antelope man of war, Commodore Byron, sailed from Portsmouth for

Newfoundland. The Commodore has carried over several years in the country to the

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Yesterday Mr. Charles Say, Printer, in Newgate-street, was elected a Common-Councilman of the ward of Farringdon Within, in the room of his father, deceased.

It is said that the dispute at Court, on Monday night last, between two personages of very distinguished characters, did not arise from any punctilio about precedence, but from some offence, which one of them took at the other's treating, in a light manner, a piece of important intelligence that has been lately received from the continent; and that the dispute was at last happily terminated by the friendly interposition of the Earl of H.

Gloucester, June 5. On Saturday morning a Methodist Preacher, who had disturbed the peace of this city, with his enthusiastic rant, was flogged through the streets, by order of the Mayor.

Charles-Town, (S. Carolina) July 31.

On Sunday last his Excellency Lord Charles-Greville Montagu, with his Lady, son and daughter, and Miss Wrang, daughter of the Hon. William Wrang, Esq; embarked on board the ship Beaufain, Daniel Curling, master, and sailed the same evening for London. His Lordship was attended to the water-side, by his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, the members of his Majesty's Council, Major Chiffolm, and many other Gentlemen; and was saluted by a discharge of the cannon, as he passed the several forts. The sentiments of affection to his Lordship, contained in the addresses both of his Majesty's Council, and the Commons House of Assembly, which have been presented to him, may, with truth, be said to be those of the whole province, and justly due to his many amiable qualities. By his Excellency's departure, the government, for a fourth time, devolves to the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor, whose administration has been ever agreeable to the colony, and approved by his Royal Master.

BOSTON, July 31.

HIS EXCELLENCY Sir FRANCIS BERNARD, BARONET OF NETTLEHAM, IN LINCOLNSHIRE, OLD ENGLAND, sails for London the first fair wind. — Now, Nettleham is a poor obscure little village, about as far from the city of Lincoln, as the Baronet's tomb-trot of a country house at Jamaica-pond is from Boston. The people at Nettleham subsist chiefly by carrying garden-duff to Lincoln. Here it may be presumed the Baronet learned the little he knows of gardening; but, that he should set himself up for an architect and politician, is altogether unaccountable.

'Tis said that Sir George Cornwall, who was in this town last winter incog, has been travelling southward, and made many very useful observations for the Ministry. — That he has had a free conference with a sensible old Gentleman at New-York, which is preparing for the public, in a dialogue, calculated for that meridian. — We hope to see his travels through the continent, published at large in South Carolina, before he takes his departure from that place, to confront Sir Peter at the Cock-pit.

We hear that there is a good deal of wrangling and disagreement between Sir Peter Hakes, and the several people he has been riding, during his administration, in making up their accounts, and dividing the profits — as those, who think he'll not return again, are for keeping what they have got, or the greater part of it, without coming to any account at all, and that greatly nettles Baron Nettleham, whose tenderest feelings are in his purse.

PHILADELPHIA, August 5.

Extract of a letter from London, May 5.

"Philadelphia shines here at present. — Mr. WEST has just finished a large picture for the King (the subject is the return of Regular) which is vastly admired. — An! Mr. COOMBE is in great vogue as a preacher; for instance, he is now pre-erogated to preach no less than six charity sermons for so many different parishes."

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chants, contrary to the agreement of non-importation, the committee immediately met, when, by the manifest of the cargo, which was laid before them, as well as by report of the committee of ship-dock, it appeared, that besides the enumerated articles, as coals, sail duck, &c. there were very few goods on board, and these chiefly the remains of orders, that had been forwarded to the inland parts of Great-Britain last summer and fall, and provided and sent to Liverpool before the countermanning orders got to hand: But, as they were shipped contrary to the letter of the agreement, the Gentlemen to whom they belonged, readily agreed to put them into a public store, there to lie till the acts against America are repealed.

WILLIAMSBURG, August 24.

We are informed that Governor Bernard failed from Boston, for England, on Friday the 4th instant. [May he never more cross the atlantic, but meet the reward justly due to him, in his native country.]

By Captain Gregory, who arrived at Philadelphia, on the 8th instant, in eight weeks from Cadiz, we are informed, that the day before he sailed, an account was received there from Madrid, that towards the latter end of May, General Paoli having withdrawn his forces from the coast, and possessed the heights, was followed by the French into the mountains, where they were attacked by the Corsicans, and entirely defeated; when 1000 of the French were killed on the spot, and 1200 taken prisoners. And that his Prussian Majesty had sent a complimentary letter to General Paoli, on the occasion, wherein he styled him, *The greatest hero of the age*.

On Monday the 7th instant was tried before the Court of Hustings, by a special jury, an action on the case, wherein Bartholomew Dandridge and Mary his wife were plaintiffs, against Richard Johnson, jun. defendant, for writing and publishing a false and scandalous libel, on Mrs. Dandridge, when the jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs for 2000l. being the damages laid in the writ. And by the same jury was tried an action brought by Richard Johnson, jun. against Bartholomew Dandridge, for 5000l. damages, for an assault and battery, in giving him twenty lashes, which was justified by a special plea, and the jury found a verdict for the defendant.

On Thursday the 3d instant, Mr. MERIWETHER SMITH, of Essex county, (and who has obliged the public, through the channel of our paper, with several spirited pieces, relating to the Stamp and other acts of Parliament,) was married to Miss BETSEY DANGERFIELD, of King and Queen county, a Lady endowed with every quality necessary to render the married state happy.

Lately died, in Albemarle, the Reverend Mr. JAMES MAURY, Rector of Fredericksville, in that county. There are who think the drawing of characters of the dead, at best, but unmeaning and fruitless. This is no plea to defeat the custom, which yet, besides the sanction of long antiquity, has many important uses: A good character, being dead, yet speaks. Let it not therefore be thought impertinent to tell the public, that the Gentleman here spoken of, was born in Virginia, and brought up at William and Mary College; and was an honour both to his country and the place of his education. For were it not that the merits of the heart are; beyond all question, to be valued infinitely above those of the head, it might have been hard to say, whether he was more to be admired as a learned man, or revered as a good man. A-broad, and in the world at large, he was every where esteemed, and cherished as a man of genius and letters; and in his parish he was not less generally respected and beloved, as a diligent, able, faithful, and exemplary pastor. Let not this be said in vain: Attend to it, ye his brethren of the Clergy, and, taught by his example, be persuaded that, with but little certainty of success, ye will solicit the notice, the esteem, and the affection of your parishioners, or others, who, like him, ye first learn to despise them.

AUGUST 10, 1769.

A PERSON who has got a few

NEW SLAVES, unemployed at present, is desirous of joining them with any other person's Negroes, in any work that is suitable to the present season. Or he would be glad to rent a fine plantation, either with or without Negroes on it, at a convenient distance from William or Norfolk, where there might be a probability of reaping, from a market, the fruits of industry.

The above person has a neat and light POST CHARIOT to dispose of, with a box to put on or take off, as occasion may require, and HARNESS for four horses. It will be sold cheap for prompt payment, or will be exchanged for good riding horses. In either of the above cases, apply to Mr. Samuel Farmer, merchant, in Norfolk, or to the Printer hereof.

AUGUST 15, 1769.

SINCE my last advertisement

twenty more slaves have fallen into my hands, so that SIXTY SLAVES will be sold at different court-houses, the second Thursday in September next; thirty-four for ready cash, or for a good riding horse, payable on the next General Court, and twenty for a good riding horse, payable on the next General Court.

To be SOLD, on Wednesday the 13th of September, before Mr. MITCHELL's door, in York town, for ready money,

Upwards of Thirty valuable
SLAVES,
Consisting of men, women, and children, with some HORSES and MULES, to satisfy several executions.
WILLIAM MITCHELL, S. Sheriff.

Mr. RIND,
SIR,

HOWEVER disagreeable it may be to us to appear in your GAZETTE, yet it seems the only probable channel for doing ourselves justice, we must risk the censure of your readers for taking up so much of your paper, as will suffice to inform those whom it may concern, that we have great reason to believe we have been much misrepresented to his Excellency the Governor, and the Honourable the Council. What we are charged with, or who are our accusers, our intelligence leaves us to doubt; all we know is, we are informed we are thought by those who are not accustomed to look at the conduct of mankind, without probable grounds, to be men oppressive in our private characters, and very partial and arbitrary as magistrates. That combining with our relations (who are said to make a majority in the commission) we delay suits where we are defendants, by declining to sit, and push to trial those where we are plaintiffs, and even prevail against common justice. If such things have been said, we hope we may say, that they are without foundation. The records of this county court will prove we have had very few suits, and that we never determine them ourselves; the people of whom we have been known since our birth, can testify we have never oppressed or attempted to injure any man; the contrary is even so glaring, that without counting popularity, we have acquired the most unlimited confidence of the people, inasmuch that we believe we are not barracking or abusing this confidence, in the sole case of our having the enemies we have in this colony; it is not a little comfort to us that they are very, very few. We are told we are particularly charged with having delayed a suit brought by Mr. *James Hunter*, against *Jacob Hite*, by our relations declining to sit. If we are, it is a notorious falsehood, and may be proved so by the records of the court, and every Gentleman of the bar. As to the misrepresentation of such a number of our relations being in the commission, the world may judge for themselves; there are twenty-two Gentlemen in the commission, fifteen of whom have no sort of affinity with us. Upon the whole, as we mean to address the justice of men of sense, we trust that they will discountenance every report to our prejudice, unless our accusers will charge us openly. If we have been guilty of any mal-practices, we are ready to appear and answer before any tribunal, whether constitutional or not, we will not regard, as we wish to be known and cleared only as we deserve. We are, SIR,
Your humble servants,
JACOB HITE,
JOHN HITE,
ISAAC HITE.

MARYLAND, August 17, 1769.

THE subscriber, who has been regularly bred to the practice of PHYSIC and VAGERY, gives this public notice, that he begins to inoculate, on the 15th of September next, at his house, which stands about the distance of one half mile from *Halfway* town, on a healthy situation, with an ample prospect. The price as before; two pence for inoculation, and twenty shillings per week for board. As the patients is to trifling, and the consequence, the expense need not exceed five pounds. Patients, as six pounds fourteen shillings, and may be inoculated with safety in any month, except July and August.
I shall be obliged to those who will favour me with their confidences, they may depend on being carefully, judiciously, and judiciously dealt with. I flatter myself I have inoculated as many, and with as much success, as any man on the continent. Those who intend inoculation, are desired not to alter their diet, or use any kind of preparation beforehand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwise.
HENRY STEVENSON.

GEORGE the THIRD, by the
Grace of GOD, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff of *Fredrick* county, greeting. We command you that you summon *John Task*, that he appear before our Justices of our county court in *Chancery*, at the court house of the said county, on the 1st Tuesday in September next, to answer a bill by *William Savage* and *Margaret* his wife, executors of the last will and testament of *Charles Green*, deceased, and *Spence Green*, administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels of *Benjamin Green*, deceased. And this be shall in no wise omit, under the penalty of 100l. and have then there this writ. Witness *Peter Hager*, clerk of our said court, at the court house, the 15th day of August, in the ninth year of our reign.
JAMES KEITH.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, on Wednesday the 10th instant (Sunday) at King's court-house, and confined in the said gaol, a Negro fellow, who gives his name as *MATT*, and that he belongs to Mr. *William Pynsent*, of *Somerset* county, who has since declared that his master is one *Thomas Pynsent*, of *Kent* county. The said slave has a chain bay horse with him, with two saddle bags, but no perceivable brand. The owner is desired to send for him, and pay the charges.
HOLT RICHESON.

GEORGE the THIRD, by the
Grace of GOD, of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff of *Fairfax*, greeting. We command you that you summon *Alarice Pound*, to appear before our Justices of our county court of *Fairfax*, at *Alexandria*, on the third Monday in next month, to answer a bill in *Chancery*, exhibited against him by *William Savage* and *Margaret* his wife, executors of the last will and testament of *Charles Green*, deceased, and *Spence Green*, administrator of all and singular the goods and chattels of *Benjamin Green*, deceased. And this be shall in no wise omit, under the penalty of 100l. and have then there this writ. Witness *Peter Hager*, clerk of our said court, the 30th day of March, in the eighth year of our reign.
PETER WAGENER.

AUGUST 14, 1769.

COMMITTED to the gaol of *Elizabeth City* county, a Negro fellow named *CASAR*, who formerly belonged to the estate of *Capt. Wilson Curle*, of this county, deceased. The fellow says he now belongs to *William Watson*, of *Anneleth* county. The owner may have him, on proving his property, and paying charges.
EDWARD HURST, Gaoler.

WARWICK, August 18, 1769.

RUN away from the subscriber, a Negro man named *BRAZIL*; a Spaniard, though he speaks good English, of a middle size, well made for strength, is pretty black, and I think has a scar on the back of his left hand; he is a very good seaman, and for several years past has been skipper of one of my flats, where he always behaved well; and he has now slipped off without ever being suspected of any such design. I imagine this diffidence is to get to his own country, therefore I forewarn all masters of vessels, or others, from carrying him off; he has carried with him only part of his clothes, with which he was well provided, and which were such as sailors usually wear. I will give EIGHT POUNDS reward, if taken up in this colony, and brought to me; or if taken up in any other colony, and brought to me, I will give TWENTY POUNDS reward.
ROBERT DONALD.

TAKEN up near *Branswick* court-house, a sorrel horse about 4 feet 8 inches high, with a flaxen mane and tail; he has a large blaze and two dark spots in his face, and both hind feet white, branded on the near shoulder with a swivel stirrup iron, and on the off shoulder D. Polled, and appraised to 10l.
JOHN CLARK.

WILLIAMSBURG, August 17, 1769.

In the REWARD, Capt. NECKS, from LONDON, ANDERSON, & Co. have just imported,

A LARGE and compleat assortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, the chief of which being purchased at the very best hand, will enable them to sell on most reasonable terms, particularly for CASH; and they hope for the continuance of the favours of their friends. Among a variety of other articles are the following, viz. Cinnamon, cloves, mace, nutmegs, ditto candied, white and brown sugar-candy, barley sugar, figs, almonds and jar raisins, candied orange root, orange chips, capers, olives, anchovies, Freeman's and Godfrey's cordials, Jesuit's drops, Turlington and Fryer's balsams, Squire's, Daffy's, and Stoughton's elixirs, eau de luce, Hill's elixir bardana, ditto essence of water dock, Bate-man's drops, balsam of honey, Anderson's, Lockyer's, and Hooper's pills, gold and silver leaf, Dutch metal, ivory and pewter syringes, Hungary, lavender, honey and orange flower waters, best and common lancets, with cases, British oil, Greenough's tincture of the gums, ditto for the tooth-ache, Blackie's luvium for the gravel and stone, genuine court plaster, smelling-bottles, best fishall oil, salt-petre, pepper, white ginger, &c. &c. &c.

All persons who please to favour us with their commands, may depend that they will be duly attended to, and executed with the greatest dispatch, by their most obedient humble servant,
ANDREW ANDERSON,
Surgeon and Man-Midwife.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, on the last Saturday of this month (August) on the premises, pursuant to an act of the General Assembly of this colony,

EIGHT hundred acres of fine tobacco LAND, in *Annelia* county, on *Deep* and *Little* creeks, whereon *Robert Hall* now lives. The terms to be agreed on that day by the Trustees,
DAVID GREENHILL,
RICHARD JONES,
DANIEL JONES,
ROBERT MUNFORD,
THO. B. MUNFORD.

RICHMOND county, July 24, 1769.

WILLIAM Pynsent Wadman intends for England soon.

THE creditors of the late Dr. Patrick Adams, of *Surry* county, are desired to take notice that *Richard Laker* and *Alexander Adams*, the executors appointed by the doctor's will, desirous taking that trust on themselves, and that as the said estate is probably falling it would be necessary for the advantage of the creditors, that some person should administer on the same.
RICHARD BAKER.

KING GEORGE county, July 20, 1769.

TO BE SOLD, THE LAND and HOUSES in *Westmoreland* county, formerly belonging to *John Pettit*, Esq; deceased. The place is so well known it wants no description, and has been before advertised in these papers. Any body inclinable to purchase, may know the terms, and be shewed the premises by
MAXIMILIAN ROBINSON.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY, in consist of the PRIZES herein after mentioned:

THE PRIZES to be valued by the MANAGERS, or the major part of them; and, if they think them not worth the money they are rated at in this SCHEME, the fortunate adventurers are to receive the deficiency in money, so that there cannot be any imposition on the adventurers. The MANAGERS are, *Thomson Hinson*, and *Thomas Ludwell Lee*, of *Stafford*; *Henry Lee*, *Esquire*; *Tobias*, *Thomas Blackburn*, *Thomas Montgomerie*, *William Hillyer*, *Cuthbert Hultine*, and *William Hillyer*, of *Prince William*; and *Thomas Harrison*, and *James Scott*, of *Fauquier*, Esquires.
The LOTTERY to be drawn in the town of *Dumfries*, on the third Monday in September next, or sooner, if the TICKETS should be sold, of which notice shall be published in the *Virginia Gazette*. Those whom it may not suit to pay for their TICKETS, will be allowed twelve months credit for one half the money, upon giving bond and security to pay the same, when called for, from the time the said LOTTERY is drawn.

Prizes.	Value.	
1 of	1500l.	Consisting of a double-masted grift mill, with one pair of stones, beating cloths and bolting stones, with a long driven shaft, hewed wheel, and mill filled in with stone, which no fresh can carry away. The said mill was built six years ago, and is to be immediately taken up, and delivered in good order, with a piece of machinery in the same, together with seventeen acres of land, adjoining the said mill, the greatest part of which is level; the mill and land within half a mile of the town of <i>Dumfries</i> ; and boats come from <i>Maryland</i> with grain to a landing about a quarter of a mile from the said mill, which is built on a good stream, as any boatman <i>Rappahannock</i> and <i>Orange</i> rivers, and is convenient to the back country, where a large quantity of wheat may be purchased, to manufacture into flour or bread; and the said mill is within five miles of a very good harbour, where several ships are annually loaded, and want bread.
20 of	200	Consisting of 20 lots, in the said town of <i>Dumfries</i> , all near the court-house; some of which are on good landings. Several lots have been sold, from 35 to 40l. each, which are not better situated than those included in this scheme.
1 of	80	A Negro blacksmith, named <i>Jack</i> , about 40 years of age.
1 of	60	A Negro man, named <i>Andrew</i> , a very handy fellow, a good butcher, and tolerable gardener, about 30 years of age.
1 of	30	A grey mare, three quarters blooded, six years old, upwards of fourteen hands high; 35l. has been refused for her. She is now with foal by a very fine horse.
1 of	25	A foal mare, half blooded, of the same age; handsome, and with foal by the same horse.
66 of	10	To be paid in cash. The last drawn ticket to be in cash.

95 PRIZES, 470 BLANKS.

361 TICKETS, at 5l. each, is 1805l. TICKETS to be had of the MANAGERS, and of the subscriber.

JOHN GRAHAM.

IMPORTED in the ship **BETSEY**, *William Cuzzins*, master, from *London*, 4 packages of goods, marked *IR*, No. 1 to 4, and not known to whom they are consigned. The person owning them and proving his property, may have them, by applying to *Mr. Andrew Grant*, at *Boyd's Hole*, and paying the charge of this advertisement.

BOSWORTH, August 7, 1769.

RUN away from the subscriber, about the middle of *May* last, a young *Virginia* born Negro fellow, named *ESSEX*; he is a great rogue, and had a variety of cloaths with him, is about 21 years old, middle sized, very straight, talks fast, has large eyes, thick lips, and has several times had a swelling under his throat, which has frequently broke, the scars of which are plainly to be seen. He lurked about the falls of *James* river for several weeks, in company with two of *Mr. Newman's* Negroes, and I mistrust that he has, or will attempt to get out of the colony; perhaps under the colour of being a freeman, he being an arch sensible fellow. Whoever delivers him to me at *Bosworth*, in *Hanover* county, shall receive *FORTY SHILLINGS* reward; and if he has been carried out of the colony, by any master of a vessel, *FIFTEEN POUNDS* reward will be paid, on proper proof being made, so as the offender may be come at.

ANTHONY WINSTON.

RUN away from the subscriber, in *Essex* county, a Mulatto fellow (who some time ago belonged to *Mr. Thomas Barnes*) named *JOE*; he is of the middle size, well proportioned in make, and his hair combed remarkably neat, and as he has been always kept as a waiting man is very smart in his answers, and understands house business as well as the management of horses; he is a good shoemaker, and can do many other things, can read and write tolerably well, and probably may have a forged pass or discharge, as he had one wrote by me to pass till the 31st of *July*: He has variety of cloaths, but those most commonly used by him are, a blue *Newmarket* coat, a brown fustian ditto, leather breeches, an old green shag jacket, a coarse leaden coloured cloth coat and vest, with white metal buttons, a laced hat, and another bound with black ferrit, several white shirts, stockings, &c. He carried with him a dark brown blooded mare, about thirteen hands and a half high, and I believe has a little white upon one of her feet, and is branded on her buttock *WR* in a piece, about 3 years old, and trots; he was seen on *Sunday* the 30th of *July* with the said mare saddled, and a bundle of cloaths, at *Mr. Robert Tomlin's*, in *Richmond* county. Whoever takes up the runaway and mare, and will convey them to me, living near *Habb's Hole*, shall receive *FIVE POUNDS* reward, and if taken fifty miles from *Habb's Hole*, shall be paid for travelling.

WILLIAM ROANE.

RUN away from the subscriber, in *April* 1765, a Negro man slave, named *TOMBOY*, an *African* born, remarkably black, and extremely cunning and deceitful; he retains much of his country dialect, though imported young, and has some of the marks of his country on his neck behind, and I think some on his cheeks. He is about 37 years old, though he appears older; has lost an upper fore tooth, and is about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, has a way of walking with his knees bent, though very nimble and active. He was purchased of *Mr. William Hurt*, who removed from *Westmoreland* to *Amelia*, a little before he ran away, and it is not improbable but he may be lurking in that neighbourhood, and entertained by his old fellow servants. Any person that will deliver him to me, in *Westmoreland* county, shall receive *TEN POUNDS* reward, or if they will secure him, and advertise him in *Mr. Rind's Gazette*, so as I may find for him, they shall have *FIVE POUNDS* reward, and all prison fees, paid by

ALEX: SPARK.

To be RENTED on reasonable terms, THE House and Lots in *Williamsburg*, belonging to *Col. George Washington*; a lease will be given for six or seven years, and the lots put in good order. For terms apply to *Col. Washington*, in *Fairfax*, or to the subscriber, near *Williamsburg*.

JOSEPH VALENTINE.

AGENTLEMAN is in want of a good COOK, who can be well recommended, of either sex, but would prefer a man. A good price would be given for him or her. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 7000 acres of LAND in *Brunswick*, within 40 miles of *Petersburg*. Also about 1600 acres in the county of *Mecklenburg*, within 60 miles of *Petersburg*. There are several plantations on these tracts, and great part of the soil is exceeding good. For terms apply to

R. RUFFIN.

TAKEN up in *Cumberland* county, a small roan horse, with a roach mane and bob tail, branded on the near buttock. The owner may have him of

JOHN MAYO.

TAKEN up in *Fauquier* county, a pied heifer yearling, marked with a half spade, an under-keel in the right ear, and a slanting crop in the left. Posted, and appraised to *11. 7s. 6d.*

WILLIAM STAMPS.

TAKEN up in *King William* county, a small dark bay mare, branded on the off buttock *RM* in a piece, the *R* reversed. Posted, and appraised to *50s.*

GEORGE DABNEY, jun.

TAKEN up in *New Kent* county, a black horse, about 4 feet 2 inches high, with a bob tail, roach mane, and branded on the near buttock *L*. Posted, and appraised to *31.*

THOMAS TYREE, sen.

TAKEN up in *Albemarle*, a middle sized brindled pied cow, marked with two underkeels; has a star in her forehead, four white feet, a bob tail, and a knot in her bag as big as a hen's egg. Posted, and appraised to *11. 5s.*

WILLIAM WILSON.

TAKEN up in *Charles City*, a black horse, about 4 feet 7 or 8 inches high, branded on the near buttock *R B*, has some saddle spots, paces naturally, and appears to be very old. Posted, and appraised to *21. 10s.*

WILLIAM ROYALL.

TAKEN up in *Albemarle* county, on *Doyle's* river, a black mare, about 4 feet 5 inches high, has some saddle spots, branded on the near buttock *I M*, trots, and appears to be very old. Posted, and appraised to *11. 15s.*

ROBERT HARRIS.

TAKEN up, near *Capt. Robert Walker's* mill, in *Brunswick* county, a dark bay mare, about 4 feet high, with one fore leg broke, and branded on the near buttock *T*. Posted, and appraised to *21. 5s.*

WILLIAM ATKISON.

BEING possessed of an over proportion of lands, with slaves, and in want of money to prosecute my trade with more credit and reputation than at present I am capable of doing I therefore propose selling the following tracts, viz. in *Mecklenburg* county one of 490, and another of 375 acres, both high ground, excellent soil for tobacco, and improved sufficient for five hands each. In *Charlotte* county one of 800, a second of 655, and a third of 400 acres; the first chiefly high ground, with a large plantation, and a sufficient number of convenient houses, in good order for seven or eight hands, and in quality equal to the *Fenny* woodland, so universally remarkable for tobacco; the second upon the river *Roanoke*, both high and low grounds, each kind exceeding fine, and improved with fresh cleared ground, under good fences, sufficient for six hands; barns, &c. new and in good order, sufficient for the same number of hands also; and the third upon a large creek, which affords low grounds about one quarter of the tract, the other three quarters high lands, and both in general very fine, has no improvements, except a small house and plantation newly made.

Any person inclinable to purchase all, or either of the aforesaid lands, may be shewn the same, and know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, upon *Fenny Wood*, in *Charlotte* county.

MATTHEW MARABLE.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO Tracts of LAND, lately belonging to *Col. JOHN ELY*; one of them about 1000 acres, on the branches of *Hardware* river, a branch of *James* river, in the county of *Albemarle*; the other about 1200 acres, on the branches of *Willis's* river, in the county of *Buckingham*. The above tracts of land were taken up and surveyed in small parcels; but are now included in two patents. For terms apply to the subscribers, who have deeds for the same, and will dispose of them either according to the inclusive patents, or in separate parcels, according to the first surveys.

*HENRY FRY,
JOHN SCOTT,
JOHN NICHOLAS.*

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, in *Loudoun* county, from *JAMES WHALEY*, overseer, *TOM*, a Negro Man slave, by some called *Tom Salter*, of a middle size, and well made for strength, about 38 years old, he has bad teeth, and many small pimples about his beard; he can read, and play on the fiddle, and had a variety of cloaths; but his common working drefs, was died brown cotton; he managed several years as an overseer for me, under *Capt. Robert Downman*, at a plantation of mine on *Morattico* creek, in *Richmond* county, where he always lived until lately; he is a dissembling artful fellow, and generally smiles when he speaks. I suspect he is lurking about a plantation belonging to *Charles Carter*, Esq; in *Hanover* county, at or near *South Wales*, where he has a wife named *Sebra*, and perhaps at times about his old haunts at *Morattico*. Whoever will deliver him to me, in *Prince William* county, shall receive the above reward; or if they will secure him in any of his Majesty's gaols, so that I may get him again, *Five Pounds*; and if he is taken out of the colony, and brought home to me, *Twenty Pounds* current money reward, paid by

HENRY LEE.

PRINCE EDWARD, July 28, 1769.

INTEND for Great-Britain soon, **ARCHIBALD CUNISON.**

To be SOLD at public auction, on Tuesday the twenty-first of November next,

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, in *Cople* parish, *Westmoreland* county, containing four hundred and ten acres, equal in quality to any land in the *Northern Neck*, lying perfectly level through the whole, and loaded with timber. It is convenient to church and several good mills, as also to *Potowmack* river, where a quantity of fish and oysters may be had with very little trouble. An indisputable title will be made the purchaser, by

SAMUEL WASHINGTON.

June 4, 1769.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, on Tuesday the 16th of last month, two likely chair horses; the one a middle, and the other a bright bay. The middle bay is near 14 hands and a half high; the bright bay about 14 hands and an inch. One of them is branded on the near buttock, but the mark I do not remember. They have ridge manes and bob tails, were lately the property of *Mr. John Ball of Lancaster*, and I imagine may be gone that way, if they are not stolen. Whoever will bring these horses to me, at *Falmouth*, shall have *FORTY SHILLINGS*, or *TWENTY SHILLINGS* to inform me where they are, so that I may get them again; and as I am apprehensive they may be stolen, I will give *TEN POUNDS* to any person who will secure and convict the thief.

GAVIN LAWSON.

FREDERICKSBURG, May 29, 1769.

A SCHEME of a LOTTERY, for raising Four Hundred and Fifty Pounds, to be laid out by the managers, or any six of them, towards building a new church in the town of *Fredericksburg*, and in the purchase of an organ for the said church.

1 Prize of	£. 500	is	500
2	250 each		500
4	100		400
8	50		400
8	25		200
10	10		100
180	5		900

213 Prizes. 3000

2787 Blanks.

3000 Tickets, at 20s. each, 3000

£. 15 out of the 100, to be deducted from the prizes, is 450

The Gentlemen who received tickets to dispose of, having failed to advise the managers whether the tickets are sold, they are obliged to postpone the drawing till the *Fredericksburg* fair in *October* next, when it will certainly be drawn, the managers having now obliged themselves to take the tickets that shall then be unsold on their own account. And as their risk may be great, by taking so large a number of tickets as may be then on hand, it is thought best to promote the sale of them, during the drawing, by making the following alterations in the scheme, to wit—One of the prizes for 250 l. is to belong to the proprietor of the ticket whose number shall be drawn the one thousandth—the other 250 l. to belong to the proprietor of the ticket whose number shall be drawn the two thousandth—and the 500 l. to belong to the proprietor of the ticket whose number shall be last drawn.

It is evident, that this alteration cannot affect the chance of any of the adventurers; but to avoid all possible objections from any who have become adventurers upon the faith of the present scheme, it is intended that any such who shall disapprove of the alteration, may be at liberty to return their tickets to the person they had them of, at any time before the first day of *September* next.

The managers hope, that the Gentlemen who have been kind enough to take tickets to dispose of, will please to account for them by the first day of *September* next, at the latest; and those who have had tickets on credit, are requested to pay for them by that time, as the numbers and prizes are to be then rolled up and prepared for drawing.

The managers are, as formerly; they have given bond for the due discharge of their duty, and are to act upon oath; the money is to be deposited with a treasurer on the day of drawing, and any fortunate adventurer may then have his money upon producing his ticket to such treasurer, who will attend to pay off the prizes.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by **WILLIAM RIND**, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, on the Main-Street. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12⁶ per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 3⁴ the First Week, and 2⁴ each Time after: And long ones in Proportion.